



臺中健康暨管理學院

九十三年學年度碩士班招生考試試題紙

公告用

系所別	組別	考試科目	考試日期	時間	備註
經營管理研究所碩士班	甲乙	經濟學	93.5.3	10:30-12:10	共三頁

一、選擇題 (40%)

- Which of the following is true?
 - For an inferior goods, when income increases, the demand curve shifts leftward.
 - If the price of a substitute rises, the demand curve shifts leftward.
 - An increase in population will cause the demand curve to shift leftward.
 - If people expect the price of a goods will rise in the future, the demand curve shifts leftward.
- If demand is inelastic, an increase in the price will
 - decrease total revenue.
 - increase the quantity demanded.
 - increase total revenue.
 - not change total revenue.
- The seller will pay the entire sales tax levied on a goods when
 - demand is perfectly elastic or supply is perfectly inelastic.
 - demand is perfectly inelastic or supply is perfectly elastic.
 - demand is perfectly elastic or supply is perfectly elastic.
 - demand is perfectly inelastic or supply is perfectly inelastic.
- Which of the following statements about the marginal rate of substitution is NOT correct?
 - It decreases in value when moving downward along a typical- shaped indifference curve.
 - It measures the number of units of the goods on the horizontal axis that a consumer must be compensated with to give up a unit of the goods on the vertical axis, while remaining on the same indifference curve.
 - It is measured by the slope of the indifference curve.
 - It is constant for goods that are perfect substitutes.
- The change in consumption that results from a change in the relative price of goods while staying on the same indifference curve is the
 - indifference effect.
 - price effect.
 - income effect.
 - substitution effect.



臺中健康暨管理學院

九十三年學年度碩士班招生考試試題紙

公告用

系所別	組別	考試科目	考試日期	時間	備註
經營管理研究所碩士班	甲乙	經濟學	93.5.3	10:30-12:10	共三頁

6. When the marginal product curve is downward sloping, the
- A) average product curve may be either upward or downward sloping.
 - B) average product curve must be upward sloping.
 - C) average product curve must also be downward sloping.
 - D) average product curve must be horizontal.
7. A firm's short-run supply curve is the same as
- A) that portion of its marginal cost curve that lies above average variable cost.
 - B) that portion of its marginal cost curve that lies above average total cost.
 - C) its entire marginal cost curve.
 - D) that portion of its marginal cost curve that lies above average fixed cost.
8. Which of the following is NOT necessary for a monopoly to increase its economic profit by discriminating among groups of buyers?
- A) Resale of the product is difficult or unlikely.
 - B) Each group of buyers must have a different average willingness to pay.
 - C) The firm must be able to separate different buyer types.
 - D) The firm must be able to identify each individual consumer's precise willingness to pay.
9. The kinked-demand curve model predicts that
- A) small firms will look to larger firms for price leadership.
 - B) oligopolies often show no change in price although costs have changed.
 - C) dominant firms in oligopolistic markets will frequently change their prices.
 - D) the law of demand doesn't work for oligopolies.
10. In a prisoners' dilemma game, in the Nash equilibrium
- A) one player has another outcome that does not occur and is more favorable.
 - B) both players have another outcome that does not occur but is more favorable.
 - C) collusion would not alter the outcome.
 - D) neither player has another outcome that does not occur and is more favorable.



臺中健康暨管理學院
九十三年學年度碩士班招生考試試題紙

公告用

系所別	組別	考試科目	考試日期	時間	備註
經營管理研究所碩士班	甲乙	經濟學	93.5.3	10:30-12:10	共三頁

二、行政院於日前宣布「新十大建設」藍圖，預計以五年五千億元擴大公共建設，試繪圖並分析說明：

1. 此種政府支出增加效果，對實質產出、利率、物價有何影響？（10%）
2. 政府支出增加是否會引發排擠效果（crowding out effect）？（10%）
3. 若以增稅方式籌措財源，對此種政府支出增加效果影響為何？（10%）

三、若兩岸三通後，政府大量開放大陸勞工，試繪圖並分析說明：

1. 對國內實質產出影響（10%）
2. 對國內物價影響（10%）
3. 對國內實質工資影響（10%）