### 99 學年度第一學期大學夜間部轉學招生考試試題紙

	學系別	考試科目	考試日期	時 間	備註	
ز	各學系大學夜間部二、三年級	英文(B)	100/01/15	15:40-16:40	共6頁	
	詞彙與結構:請在以下的各題中選					
( )	1. Clouds are good of the weat	her.				
	A) pictures B) elements C)	indicators D)	predictions			
( )	2. Before going ahead, we need to _	the total cos	at of the operation	n.		
	A) estimate B) imitate C) p	roximate D) a	ctualize			
( )	3. Tennis is a sport that a lot of pleasure.					
	A) demands B) deprives C)	requires D)pr	rovides			
( )	4. Anybody entering an auditorium a	after a performai	nce has begun is	bound to the	e act.	
	A) disrupt B) interact C) in	terfere D) inte	rvene			
( )	5. For new employees, special assign	nments are in ad	dition to their ot	her responsibiliti	es, not a	
	for them.					
	A) change B) replacing C)	difference D)	substitute			
( )	6. The developing situation in the Ca	aribbean was no	t in the local	l newspapers.		
	A) revised B) petition C) re	eported D) asse	embled			
( )	7. The domestic automobile costs th	e same as	imported mode	ls.		
	A) required B) eventual C)	controlled D)	comparable			
( )	8. Newly pharmaceuticals brin	g relief to the ill	•			
	A) device B) declined C) de	-	etrimental			
( )	9. Fashion designers often of p	_				
	A) appeal to B) concentrate	C) sell designs	D) take advan	tage		
( )	10. The company its offer.					
	A) withdrew B) announce (	C) repetition D	) transferred			
( )	11. In court, the man said he could n					
	A) incident B) happened C					
( )	12. A crowd gathered to					
	A) detest B) protest C) regi					
( )	13. They held and elaborate	-	_	=		
	A) celebrity B) celebration					
( )	14. It was a that both com		_			
	A) happening B) similarity					
( )	15. The company cannot th		inded by the union	on.		
	A) paid B) value C) afford					
( )	16. Stress is a common of he					
	A) cause B) effect C) insult	D) effort				

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(	) 17. At full speed, the car li	ke an airplane.			
	A) hears B) noises C) soun	ds D) listens			
(	) 18. Because of new developments, i	t was necessary	to the	management tea	ım.
	A) reserve B) require C) re	assure D) reorg	ganize		
(	) 19. After finishing your meal, you as	sk the waiter for	the	·	
	A) tipping B) patron C) che	eck D) register			
(	) 20. The opinions expressed in this at	rticle do not nece	essarily	_ the reviews of	the publishers.
	A) refract B) reflect C) dist	ract D) detract			
(	) 21. Please call for the meet	ting.			
	A) she and I B) the director a	and I C) the dir	ector and me I	O) we, me and th	e director
(	) 22. Economists do not agree as to ex	cactly	causes recession	ıs.	
	A) what B) which C) whate	ever D) which	ever		
(	) 23. If I had known about the funeral	, I too	<b>).</b>		
	A) would go B) had gone C	C) will have gone	e D) would have	ve gone	
(	) 24 business has improve	ed, they will hire	e more help.		
	A) So B) Since C) Due to	D) Even though	1		
(	) 25. The project demands precision a	nd accuracy as v	vell as	·	
	A) create B) creation C) cre	•	•		
(	•				
	A) has watched B) are watch			_	d
(	,		ld be present at t	the reception.	
	A) tell B) to tell C) telling		1. 6		
(	) 28. There are no lights on in the laboration (1) 28.	•		rly.	
,	A) must have B) must be C				
(	) 29. We have a spare, but we would _			y.	
(	A) not prefer B) rather not				
(	) 30. They should to the set				
	A) had went B) had gone C	) have gone D	) nave went		
-	-、挑錯。底下每個句子有四個劃線	k (A、B、C、	D), 請將錯誤	虚所代表的茁文	r 字母埴 λ <b>发</b> 室
	卷。(每題兩分,共20分)。	<b>e</b> (12 2 0			
(	) 31. He <u>refused to tell us</u> why <u>was he</u>	crving.			
	A B C D	٠ - ٠ - ٠ - ٠٠٠ <del>٥</del> ٠٠			
(	) 32. If it will rain in the afternoon, th	e flight will have	e to be canceled.		
Ì	A B	C	D		
_					

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(	) 33. He <u>had</u> his tailor <u>made</u> a pair of	<u>dress</u> pai	nts for h	im to wear to the	e <u>opening</u> cerem	ony.
	A B	C			D	
(	) 34. Mr. Grey is most intelligent than	anyone	else wo	orking in his field	l.	
	A	В	C	D		
(	) 35. The <u>air conditioner</u> is <u>very</u> old <u>to</u>	<u>keep</u> th	e office	<u>cool</u> .		
	A B	C		D		
(	) 36. Them who have the greatest income	entive <u>al</u>	<u>ways</u> fir	nd a way to get th	ne job <u>done</u> .	
	A B		C		D	
(	) 37. He <u>is said</u> to have be an exceller	nt <u>athlete</u>	in this	youth.		
	A B	C	D			
(	) 38. His mother <u>could</u> never understa	ınd <u>him</u> v	wanting	to become a stag	ge actor.	
	Α	В		C	D	
(	) 39. <u>It is tradition to have</u> flowers at	a weddin	<u>ıg</u> .			
	A B C	D				
(	) 40. The teacher <u>asked</u> the students $\underline{t}$	o bring in	n some	photographs of <u>h</u>	<u>is family.</u>	
	Α	В	C		D	

#### 三、閱讀測驗。請在閱讀文章後針對問題選出最適合的答案。(每題兩分,共20分)。

The Consumers' Foundation said people suffering from joint pain should avoid becoming over-reliant on the dietary supplement glucosamine, which studies have shown to be ineffective in curing osteoarthritis. Supplements of glucosamine, which usually come in capsules or pills, typically claim to assuage sore joints and prevent cartilage degeneration, with some even claiming they can strengthen joints and bones. Although the amino sugar is not categorized as medicine and suppliers are therefore prohibited from advertising its supposed medicinal benefits, glucosamine products such as Move Free are very popular in Taiwan among people suffering from joint pain. Citing medical research published in the New England Journal of Medicine, the watchdog said glucosamine was not a panacea for people suffering from osteoarthritis. "Although Glucosamine has been shown to relieve pain from inflammation, it should only be taken when the person is in pain," Sun Yat-sen Cancer Center vice president Hsieh Yen-yao said. "It does not cure osteoarthritis." Hsieh said the study showed that a small group of participants with moderate to severe pain showed significant relief when using glucosamine, but that the dietary supplement was ineffective against minor pain or pain resulting from factors not related to inflammation. "Glucosamine has not been demonstrated to prevent or cure any disease," he said, adding that people with severe joint pain can take glucosamine to relieve the pain, but should immediately stop taking it when the symptoms disappear. People with no joint pain should also refrain from taking the supplement and should disregard claims that it will protect the knees or make

備註

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bones stronger, he said. Other common misconceptions include claims that the supplement helps prevent osteoporosis, provides a source of calcium during menopause or enhances performance during

froi hea	rts or physical labor, none of which have scientific basis, the foundation said. For people suffering mosteoarthritis, Hsieh said eating broccoli and avoiding activities that strain the joints, such as vy lifting, climbing or descending stairs, were better remedies. People who are overweight should be try to lose weight to relieve stress on the joints.
( )	41. People use Glucosamine because they think it can (choose the wrong answer)
	A) assuage sore joints
	B) prevent cartilage degeneration
	C) strengthen joints and bones
	D) have scientific basis
( )	42. Which is a good title for the article?
	A) Glucosamine no cure-all
	B) Curing osteoarthritis
	C) Medical research
	D) The ingredients of Glucosamine
( )	43. What is Mr. Hsieh?
	A) A watchdog.
	B) A supplier.
	C) Hsieh Yen-yao.
	D) The vice president of a cancer center.
( )	44. You should take Glucosamine when you want to
	A) protect the knees
	B) make bones stronger
	C) relieve the severe joint pain
	D) enhance performance during sports
( )	45. What should people suffering from osteoarthritis do?
	A) Climb stairs.
	B) Eat broccoli.
	C) Lift heavy things.
	D) Lose weight.

### 亞洲大學 99 學年度第一學期大學夜間部轉學招生考試試題紙

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Children in Taiwan have an increased chance of showing language development delay if they are raised listening to broken Mandarin spoken by a foreign-born parent who has trouble with the language. Chao Wun-tsong, a speech specialist and language pathologist, said that while a bilingual environment is beneficial, strong accents and different pronunciations of the same word in a language system could cause confusion and lead to language development delay. Foreign-born mothers who have recently immigrated to Taiwan are so eager to integrate their preschool-age children into society that they often give instructions to their children in Mandarin, rather than in their own mother tongue, such as Vietnamese, said Chao, who works at Puli Christian Hospital in Nantou County. "I encourage foreign spouses to speak to their children in their mother tongue rather than in a language they are having a hard time grasping," Chao said. Mandarin is a tonal language in which the meaning of a word is easily changed by a minor shift in tone, and children could have a problem developing a system for a word whose pronunciation is different when used by their grandparents, father and mother. He cited a case where a three-year-old girl was brought in for early intervention because she was extremely quiet and spoke only in short phrases. "The girl had no problem with her hearing or comprehension, but we found her Indonesian mother speaking to her in Mandarin with a strong accent." Suspecting this was the cause of the girl's development delay, Chao suggested sending her to kindergarten where she could interact more with native Mandarin speakers. "Within half a year, the child became normal," he said. Out of every 100 children in Taiwan, an estimated six to eight of them suffer from development delays, noting that the number of reported cases has risen recently because of the improved awareness of parents and their ability to detect the condition at an early stage. Although the causes of language development delay could be social, environmental or physical, and are often unpreventable, early intervention is believed to improve minor conditions and reduce long-term social and medical costs. The Bureau of Health Promotion has set up 35 development delay evaluation centers across the country, and parents are encouraged to seek help as soon as they see warning signs.

- ) 46. Which child will have language development delay?
  - A) A child with Taiwanese parents.
  - B) A child with American parents.
  - C) A child with a Taiwanese father and Vietnamese mother.
  - D) A child born in Vietnam.
- ) 47. What will be the cause of language development delay? (choose the wrong answer)
  - A) Social factors.
  - B) Medical factors.

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	C) Physical factors.	ı	•	<u> </u>	
	D) Environmental factors.				
(	) 48. The does "mother tongue" mean	?			
	A) Native language.				
	B) Vietnamese.				
	C) Mandarin.				
	D) Pronunciation.				
(	) 49. In a group of 1500 children, how	w many will suff	er from developi	ment delays?	
	A) 100. B) 200. C) 500.	D) 300.			
(	) 50. Which of the following is a warr	ning sign of lang	guage developme	ent delay?	
	A) Having hearing and compre	ehension proble	ms.		
	B) Having strong accents.				
	C) Speaking only in short phra	ases.			
	D) Being very noisy.				